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## KEY=DEMOGRAPHIC - NOEMI ROSA

### A DEMOGRAPHIC APPROACH TO SOCIAL ACCOUNTING

#### SOCIAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS

#### ESSAYS ON THE STATE OF THE ART

**Elsevier** *Social Accounting Systems: Essays on the State of the Art* contains essays prepared during a workshop aimed at the development and promulgation of objectives for future work on social accounting, and the making of recommendations to achieve them by evaluating existing demographic and time-based accounting models. The essays describe and evaluate the state of the art of extant empirically based approaches to social accounting. The book opens with an overview chapter that describes the organizations of the Workshop on Social Accounting Systems at which the essays were presented and discussed, the nature of the tasks assigned to authors, and the major themes of workshop discussions. This is followed by separate chapters on time-based social accounting systems and demographic accounting; how subjective social indicators can be related to social accounting systems; and general evaluations of the systems described in the previous chapters. This book will be primarily of interest to social scientists and statisticians concerned with the development and integration of national data systems and with social indicator analyses. They also will be germane to the interests of students of contemporary social change and the quality of life.

#### DEMOGRAPHY AND SOCIAL HEALTH INSURANCE

#### AN INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON USING GENERATIONAL ACCOUNTING

**Nomos Verlagsgesellschaft Mbh & Company** Most of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries will face an ageing process of their populations over the next four decades. However, these processes differ considerably among the different countries. This book analyzes how the demographic changes affect the social health insurance systems and their finances in six selected OECD countries – namely Austria, France, Germany, Switzerland, the UK, and the US – over the long run, using the method of generational accounting. A focus is also set on the fiscal consequences of the medical/technical progress. It can be stated that all analyzed programs will have discrepancies between their expected revenues and transfer payments. The demographic component is only the minor part given that the medical/technical progress will occur in the future like it did over the last three decades. However, the growth rate due, to the medical/technical progress, also differs significantly between the analyzed countries. The book concludes that all systems will have to face rigorous reforms.

#### SOCIAL AND DEMOGRAPHIC ACCOUNTING

**Cambridge University Press** This book provides a state-of-the-art account of developments and applications of social accounts, a technique for modeling national and regional economies. The contributors address issues of new formulation of social accounts, of applications in economics and demography, and of specification at both national and regional levels. Relationships between social accounts models and computable general equilibrium models of national and regional economies are explored, and interregional considerations are addressed.

#### NEGRO POPULATION AND HOUSING

#### DEMOGRAPHIC ASPECTS OF A SOCIAL ACCOUNTING SCHEME

#### ACTIVE LIFE PROFILES FOR DIFFERENT SOCIAL GROUPS

#### A CONTRIBUTION TO DEMOGRAPHIC ACCOUNTING, A FRAME FOR SOCIAL INDICATORS AND A TOOL OF SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

#### APPROACH TO THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF COUNTRIES WITH A SOCIAL ACCOUNTING MATRICES SUPPORTED BY SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC MATRICES

#### AN APPLICATION TO PORTUGAL

*Social Accounting Matrices (SAMs)* will be presented as tools that have specific features for studying the socio-economic activity of countries. Such features allow for the reading and interpretation of the reality under study, leading to the production of an empirical work that is not only capable of highlighting specific aspects of that activity, but also offers the chance to experiment with different interventions in regard to its functioning. In stating that the knowledge of the socio-economic activity of countries involves the use of national accounts, emphasis is placed on the desirability of working in a matrix format, which simultaneously includes activities (or industries), products, factors of production and institutions. This will be considered to be a way of capturing the relevant network of linkages and the corresponding multiplier effects in the subsequent modelling of the socio-economic activity of the countries studied. A methodological framework based on the works of R. Stone, G. Pyatt and J. Round, will be adopted outlining the main features of the SAM-based approach, according to which the SAM can describe the activity of countries either empirically or theoretically, depending on whether it is presented in a numerical or an algebraic version, respectively. Based on the latest version of the System of National Accounts (2008 SNA), a proposal for a numerical version of a SAM will be presented. Firstly, a basic structure will be presented and the need to ensure its consistency with the whole system will be emphasized. Such emphasis will then be reinforced through the analysis of possible disaggregations and extensions to that basic structure. The different forms of analysis made possible by the use of aggregates, indicators and balancing items that can be calculated from such a version and which lie outside the matrix format will also be discussed. Because any socio-economic study made of a specific space, namely, a country, should involve the consideration of its population, Socio-Demographic Matrices (SDMs) will also be briefly presented and two examples of approaches based on SAMs and SDMs will be sketched out. The exposition will be illustrated with an application to Portugal.

#### STUDYING THE INFORMAL ASPECTS OF THE ACTIVITY OF COUNTRIES WITH SOCIAL ACCOUNTING AND SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC MATRICES

#### THE SOCIAL ACCOUNTING MATRIX AND THE SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC MATRIX-BASED APPROACHES FOR STUDYING THE SOCIOECONOMICS OF AGEING

In looking for empirical evidence about the activity of countries, a proposal is made for studying (measuring and modelling) the activity of countries through the use of Social Accounting Matrices (SAMs) and Socio-Demographic Matrices (SDMs). SAMs and SDMs are presented as tools that have specific features for conducting studies in several different areas, particularly in the Socio-Economics of Ageing, as well as for supporting policy decision processes. Based on methodological principles that are derived mainly from the works of Richard Stone, emphasis is placed on the desirability of working in a matrix format, which includes not only people (SDM), but also, at the same time, activities, products, factors of production and institutions (SAM). This is considered to be a way of capturing the relevant network of linkages and the corresponding multiplier effects for the subsequent modelling of the activity of the countries studied. The exposition of this proposal is accompanied by an example applied to Portugal.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC ACCOUNTING AND MODEL-BUILDING

#### SOCIAL ACCOUNTING FOR INDUSTRIAL AND TRANSITION ECONOMIES

**Routledge** This title was first published in 2002: Showing how the social accounting matrix provides a comprehensive framework for the analysis and tabulation of national statistics and how it can assist in developing economic policy, this work also demonstrates the key aspects of this approach in dealing with a wide range of economic and social issues. The reference, and the accompanying volume, "Social Accounting and Economic Modelling for Developing Countries" should be useful for researchers, instructors, policy makers and scholars.

#### GENERATIONAL ACCOUNTING

#### THEORY AND APPLICATION

**Springer Science & Business Media** Among the concepts used to assess the sustainability of fiscal policy in a changing demographic environment, generational accounting has become the most prominent. This book gives a complete and up-to-date introduction to the theory and practice of the method. It reveals deficiencies of the original residual concept and discusses various measures of intergenerational redistribution based on the recent sustainability approach to generational accounting. An application using data on German public finances serves to provide an in-depth explanation and practical illustration of the technique. The study develops new procedures to evaluate the fiscal externalities of migration and the redistribution of net wealth among living generations resulting from Social Security reform. The book is an indispensable source of reference for analysts employing generational accounting and for those wishing to study intertemporal redistribution through fiscal policy.

#### SOCIAL ACCOUNTING FOR DEVELOPMENT PLANNING WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO SRI LANKA

#### CUP Archive

#### INTERPRETING ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DATA

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## A FOUNDATION OF DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

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**Springer Science & Business Media** *"Interpreting Economic and Social Data"* aims at rehabilitating the descriptive function of socio-economic statistics, bridging the gap between today's statistical theory on one hand, and econometric and mathematical models of society on the other. It does this by offering a deeper understanding of data and methods with surprising insights, the result of the author's six decades of teaching, consulting and involvement in statistical surveys. The author challenges many preconceptions about aggregation, time series, index numbers, frequency distributions, regression analysis and probability, nudging statistical theory in a different direction. *"Interpreting Economic and Social Data"* also links statistics with other quantitative fields like accounting and geography. This book is aimed at students and professors in business, economics demographic and social science courses, and in general, at users of socio-economic data, requiring only an acquaintance with elementary statistical theory.

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## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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## BEYOND THE MARKET

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## DESIGNING NONMARKET ACCOUNTS FOR THE UNITED STATES

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**National Academies Press** The national income and product accounts that underlie gross domestic product (GDP), together with other key economic data—price and employment statistics—are widely used as indicators of how well the nation is doing. GDP, however, is focused on the production of goods and services sold in markets and reveals relatively little about important production in the home and other areas outside of markets. A set of satellite accounts—in areas such as health, education, volunteer and home production, and environmental improvement or pollution—would contribute to a better understanding of major issues related to economic growth and societal well-being. *Beyond the Market: Designing Nonmarket Accounts for the United States* hopes to encourage social scientists to make further efforts and contributions in the analysis of nonmarket activities and in corresponding data collection and accounting systems. The book illustrates new data sources and new ideas that have improved the prospects for progress.

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## THE U.S. NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT ACCOUNTS

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## SELECTED TOPICS

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**University of Chicago Press** The main topics treated in this conference volume are problems of deflation and quality change, the adequacy of the data used to construct the U.S. national accounts, and the broad theoretical evolution of the U.S. national income and product accounts. As these topics suggest, this volume represents a new stage in the study of national income and product accounts in that emphasis is placed on the information content of the system rather than on the structure of the accounts. This new emphasis is highlighted by the inclusion of a discussion among prominent users of the national accounts—Lawrence Klein, Otto Eckstein, Alan Greenspan, and Arthur Okun—that indicates the difficulties that confront those who utilize this information.

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## REDUCING POPULATION GROWTH THROUGH SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHANGE IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

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## A NEW DIRECTION FOR U.S. ASSISTANCE : REPORT TO THE CONGRESS

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## A DEMOGRAPHIC ACCOUNTING MODEL OF THE ELECTORAL PROCESS

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## PERSISTENCE OF THE DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY

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## SATELLITE ACCOUNTS AND DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL DATA SETS IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF A THIRD WORLD COUNTRY

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## SOCIAL ACCOUNTING FOR INDUSTRIAL AND TRANSITION ECONOMIES

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**Routledge** This title was first published in 2002: Showing how the social accounting matrix provides a comprehensive framework for the analysis and tabulation of national statistics and how it can assist in developing economic policy, this work also demonstrates the key aspects of this approach in dealing with a wide range of economic and social issues. The reference, and the accompanying volume, *"Social Accounting and Economic Modelling for Developing Countries"* should be useful for researchers, instructors, policy makers and scholars.

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## ACCOUNTING FOR SOCIAL RISK FACTORS IN MEDICARE PAYMENT

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**National Academies Press** Recent health care payment reforms aim to improve the alignment of Medicare payment strategies with goals to improve the quality of care provided, patient experiences with health care, and health outcomes, while also controlling costs. These efforts move Medicare away from the volume-based payment of traditional fee-for-service models and toward value-based purchasing, in which cost control is an explicit goal in addition to clinical and quality goals. Specific payment strategies include pay-for-performance and other quality incentive programs that tie financial rewards and sanctions to the quality and efficiency of care provided and accountable care organizations in which health care providers are held accountable for both the quality and cost of the care they deliver. *Accounting For Social Risk Factors in Medicare Payment* is the fifth and final report in a series of brief reports that aim to inform ASPE analyses that account for social risk factors in Medicare payment programs mandated through the IMPACT Act. This report aims to put the entire series in context and offers additional thoughts about how to best consider the various methods for accounting for social risk factors, as well as next steps.

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## REPORT OF THE PLENARY SESSION

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## THE APPLICATION OF AN EXTENDED SOCIAL ACCOUNTING MATRIX TO THE ANALYSIS OF INTERRELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN POPULATION, RESOURCES, ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

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## PEACE STUDIES, PUBLIC POLICY AND GLOBAL SECURITY - VOLUME VII

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**EOLSS Publications** *Peace Studies, Public Policy and Global Security* is a component of *Encyclopedia of Social Sciences and Humanities in the global Encyclopedia of Life Support Systems (EOLSS)*, which is an integrated compendium of twenty one Encyclopedias. The Theme on Peace Studies, Public Policy and Global Security provides the essential aspects and a myriad of issues of great relevance to our world such as: Processes of Peace and Security; International Security, Peace, Development, and Environment; Security Threats, Challenges, Vulnerability and Risks; Sustainable Food and Water Security; World Economic Order. This 11-volume set contains several chapters, each of size 5000-30000 words, with perspectives, issues on Peace studies, Public Policy and Global security. These volumes are aimed at the following five major target audiences: University and College students Educators, Professional practitioners, Research personnel and Policy analysts, managers, and decision makers and NGOs.

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## STATISTICAL PAPERS

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## SOCIAL AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS OF CLIENTS WITH TRUST ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED AT A BANK

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## STATISTICAL REPORTER

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## A SYSTEM OF DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL STATISTICS AND ITS LINKS WITH THE SYSTEM OF NATIONAL ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS

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## ACCOUNTING FOR SOCIAL RISK FACTORS IN MEDICARE PAYMENT

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## CRITERIA, FACTORS, AND METHODS

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**National Academies Press** Recent health care payment reforms aim to improve the alignment of Medicare payment strategies with goals to improve the quality of care provided, patient experiences with health care, and health outcomes, while also controlling costs. These efforts move Medicare away from the volume-based payment of traditional fee-for-service models and toward value-based purchasing, in which cost control is an explicit goal in addition to clinical and quality goals. Specific payment strategies include pay-for-performance and other quality incentive programs that tie financial rewards and sanctions to the quality and efficiency of care provided and accountable care organizations in which health care providers are held accountable for both the quality and cost of the care they deliver. *Accounting For Social Risk Factors in Medicare Payment: Criteria, Factors, and Methods* is the third in a series of five brief reports that aim to inform ASPE analyses that account for social risk factors in Medicare payment programs mandated through the IMPACT Act. This report builds on the conceptual relationships and empirical associations between social risk factors and performance indicators used in value-based payment identified in the first report to provide guidance on which factors could be considered for Medicare accounting purposes, criteria to identify these factors, and methods to do so in ways that can improve care and promote greater health equity for socially at-risk patients.

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## UNDERSTANDING CHINESE GDP

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**Springer Nature** This book provides in-depth analyses on accounting methods of GDP, statistic calibers and comparative perspectives on Chinese GDP. Beginning with an exploration of international comparisons of GDP, the book introduces the theoretical backgrounds, data sources, algorithms of the exchange rate method and the purchasing power parity method and discusses the advantages, disadvantages, and the latest developments in the two methods. This book further elaborates on the reasons for the imperfections of the Chinese GDP data including limitations of current statistical techniques and the accounting system, as well as the relatively confusing statistics for the service industry. The authors then make suggestions for improvement. Finally, the authors emphasize that evaluation of a country's economy and social development should not be solely limited to GDP, but should focus more on indicators of the comprehensive national power, national welfare, and the people's livelihood. This book will be of interest to economists, China-watchers, and scholars of geopolitics.

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**FROM CENSUS TO INTEGRATED POPULATION DATA OR SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC ACCOUNTS**


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**ACCOUNTING FOR ETHNIC AND RACIAL DIVERSITY**


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**THE CHALLENGE OF ENUMERATION**


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**Routledge** By the end of the 20th century, the ethnic question had resurfaced in public debate. Every country had been affected by what is commonly known as cultural pluralism, as a result of conflicts interpreted from an ethnic perspective, for instance, in the Balkans and central Africa; nationalist struggles, such as the Basque country, Quebec and Belgium; and demands for recognition and political representation by new ethnic minorities. This resurgence or extension of the salience of ethnicity in most of the societies around the world can now be found not only in public discourse, policy making, scientific literature and popular representation, but also in the pivotal realm of statistics. This volume explores the ethnic and racial classification in official statistics as a reflection of the representations of population, and as an interpretation of social dynamics through a different lens. Spanning all continents, a wide range of international authors discuss how ethnic and racial classifications are built, their (lack of) accuracy and their contribution to the representation of ethnic and racial diversity of multicultural societies. This book was originally published as a special issue of *Ethnic and Racial Studies*.

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**MEASURING THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF COUNTRIES WITH SOCIAL ACCOUNTING MATRICES**


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*Social Accounting Matrices (SAMs)* will be presented as tools that have specific features for studying the socio-economic activity of countries. Such features allow for the reading and interpretation of the reality under study, leading to the production of an empirical work that is not only capable of highlighting specific aspects of that activity, but also offers the chance to experiment with different interventions in regard to its functioning. In stating that the knowledge of the socio-economic activity of countries involves the use of national accounts, emphasis is placed on the desirability of working in a matrix format, which simultaneously includes activities (or industries), products, factors of production and institutions. This will be considered to be a way of capturing the relevant network of linkages and the corresponding multiplier effects in the subsequent modelling of the socio-economic activity of the countries studied. A methodological framework based on the works of R. Stone, G. Pyatt and J. Round, will be adopted outlining the main features of the SAM-based approach, according to which the SAM can describe the activity of countries either empirically or theoretically, depending on whether it is presented in a numerical or an algebraic version, respectively. Based on the latest version of the System of National Accounts (2008 SNA), a proposal for a numerical version of a SAM will be presented. Firstly, a basic structure will be presented and the need to ensure its consistency with the whole system will be emphasized. Such emphasis will then be reinforced through the analysis of possible disaggregations and extensions to that basic structure. The different forms of analysis made possible by the use of aggregates, indicators and balancing items that can be calculated from such a version and which lie outside the matrix format will also be discussed. Finally, that proposal will be compared with the matrix format of the national accounts, proposed by the above referred System of National Accounts. Because any socio-economic study made of a specific space, namely, a country, should involve the consideration of its population, Socio-Demographic Matrices (SDMs) will also be briefly presented and two examples of approaches based on SAMs and SDMs will be sketched out. The exposition will be illustrated with an application to Portugal.

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**ANNUAL REVIEW OF SOCIOLOGY**


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**MEASURING AND EVALUATING THE RESULTS OF FEDERALLY SUPPORTED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT**


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**SCIENCE OUTPUT INDICATORS : SPECIAL OVERSIGHT HEARINGS : HEARINGS BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC PLANNING AND ANALYSIS OF THE COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, NINETY-FOURTH CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION, MAY 19 AND 26, 1976**


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**REPORT TO FEDERAL STATISTICAL AGENCIES**


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**CURRENT BUSINESS REPORTS. MONTHLY RETAIL TRADE, SALES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**


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**SOUTHERN ECONOMIST**


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**STATISTICAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE**


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